School-based Medical Management Plan for the Student with Diabetes Mellitus
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### To be completed by Parent/Guardian

Student Name:	_ Birthdate: Grade:		
Mother/Guardian: Phone	: (home) (cell)		
Father/Guardian: Phone:	(home) (cell)		
Other Emergency Contact: Phone	Relationship:		
Diabetes Health Care Provider:	Phone:		
To be completed by Diabetes Team			
Date of Diabetes Diagnosis:	Type 1		
SECTION I - Routine Management			
Glucose Levels: Monitoring method:  Continuous glucose monitor (CGM) Type:	OR		
Preferred location: Classroom Office Where convenient	nt		
$\hfill\square$ Student may use cell phone to monitor glucose levels and school	will ensure access to school Wi-Fi		
Glucose check performed by:  Student, Independently Student	nt, Supervised OR Designated School Personnel		
Check prior to:  Breakfast  Snack  Lunch  Before PE/Rece	ss 🗌 Before leaving school		
Ensure that glucose level is above 100 before physical	sical activity or boarding the bus 🗌 Other:		
Always: 🗹 Check when symptomatic 🗹 Perform finger stick if sym	ptoms do not match CGM values		
✤ If glucose level is low (< or < with symptoms),	see Section III, Low Glucose Level (Hypoglycemia)		
✤ If glucose level is high (>), see Section IV, High Gluc	ose Level (Hyperglycemia)		
Insulin Administration: (Type of Insulin per Medication Administration Preferred administration location: Classroom Office Where			
Pen/Syringe: Dosing per: Card Chart Carle InPen*	PUMP* Type: (*All settings pre-programmed by parent)		
Breakfast: Prior to Lunch: Prior to	Snack (carb coverage only): 🗌 Prior to 🗌 NA		
Immediately after Immediately after	Immediately after		
Insulin dosage calculated by: 🗌 Student, Independently 🗌 Studen	t, Supervised OR Designated School Personnel		
Student will determine all carb counts independently OR - Fan	nily will provide carb counts to school staff daily		
$\square$ For foods provided by school nutrition services, school staff will	ensure student/family has access to carb counts		
Insulin administered by: 🗌 Student, Independently 🗌 Student, Supervised OR 🗌 Designated School Personnel			

#### Adjustments to Insulin Dosing:

Based on Michigan law (MCL 380.1178) and best practice, written provider/prescriber instructions are required for all medications administered in the school setting. This includes changes to insulin dosing. Written communication between provider/prescriber and parent/guardian (e.g., emails, clinic visit summary, etc.) may be used to adjust insulin dosing until updated Insulin Dosing Tool is received by the Designated School Personnel.

Parents/Guardians have completed training and are authorized by the provider/prescriber to submit written requests to Designated School Personnel for insulin dosing adjustments to increase or decrease total mealtime insulin dose by: +/- \_\_\_\_\_ units of insulin.

Please note: Insulin corrections for high glucose levels should NOT be given more frequently than every 3 hours. School staff are not required to administer glucose correction doses outside of mealtimes.

Student Name: \_\_\_\_\_

### **SECTION II – Medication Administration Authorization (MAA) Form**

This form must be completed fully in order for schools to administer the required medication. The school nurse (RN) will call the prescriber, as

allowed by HIPAA, if questions arise about the student's medications and/or related diabetes care.

### Prescriber's Authorization:

·			Grade:
1. Me	dication Name: Insulin: 🗌 Admelog 🗌 Hur	nalog/Lispro 🗌 Novolog/Aspart 🗌 Apidra	i 🗌 Fiasp
Do	se: Per Accompanying Insulin Dosing Tool		
Ro	oute: 🗌 Pen/Syringe (Insulin dosing per: 🗌 🕻	Card	
	PUMP Type: (	All settings pre-programmed into pump by	parent/guardian)
	InPen (All settings pre-programmed	into app by parent/guardian)	
Tin	<b>ne:</b> Breakfast: 🗌 Prior to 🗌 Immediately aft	er	
	Lunch: 🗌 Prior to 🗌 Immediately after		
	Snack: 🗌 Prior to 🗌 Immediately after		
Po	tential Side Effects:		
Studen	nt may self-carry insulin: 🗌 Yes 🗌 No Stu	dent may self-administer insulin: 🗌 Yes	s 🗌 No
2. Me	dication Name: Glucagon		
Ro	oute & Dose: 🗌 Injection, Glucagon/Glucage	en/Gvoke PFS: 🗌 0.5 mg 🗌 1.0 mg	
	Auto-Injection, Gvoke Hypo	Pen: 0.5mg/0.1mL	
		1mg/0.2mL	
	🗌 Nasal, Baqsimi Glucagon N	asal Powder: 🗌 3mg	
Ti	me: When severe low glucose levels are sus with inability to safely swallow oral quick		seizure, or extreme disorientation
Po	tential Side Effects: Nausea, Vomiting, Reb	ound Hyperglycemia, Other:	
Stı	udent may self-carry Glucagon: 🗌 Yes 🗌	No	
	see attached supplemental MAA Form for add fied Diabetes Care and Education Specialist		<b>U</b>
Prescriber's	s Signature:		Date:
		ed signatures, please)	
Print Name/	/Title:		NPI#:
Address:			
Phone <sup>.</sup>		FAX:	

# Parent/Guardian Authorization:

I request Designated School Personnel to administer the medications as prescribed by the above prescriber. I certify that I have legal authority to consent to medical treatment for the student named above, including the administration of medications at school. I authorize the school nurse to communicate with the health care provider as allowed by HIPAA.

Parent/Guardian Name (please print):	
Parent/GuardianSignature:	Date:

Reviewed by RN, PA, Physician, or CDCES providing training to Designated School Personnel:

Signature/Title Date

## SECTION III - Responding to a Low Glucose Level (Hypoglycemia)

Below are common symptoms that may be observed when glucose levels are  $\underline{\textbf{low}}.$ 

<u>Reminder</u>: These symptoms can change, and some students may not display any symptoms.

Parents may choose to circle their child's most common symptoms.

Symptoms of a Low Glucose Level (Hypoglycemia)				
Shaky Weak Sweaty Rapid heartbeat Dizzy Hungry Headache Lack of coordination Seizure Tiredness Loss of consciousness Pale Confusion Irritability/Personality changes Continuous Glucose Monitor (CGM) alarm/arrows Other:				
Actions for Treati	ng Hypoglycemia			
Treatment for Mild to Moderate Hypoglycemia	Treatment for Severe Hypoglycemia			
Notify School Nurse or Designated School Personnel as soon as you observe symptoms. If possible, check glucose level via finger stick. Do NOT send student to office alone! Treat for hypoglycemia if glucose level is: [] less than or less than with symptoms. WHEN IN DOUBT, ALWAYS TREAT FOR HYPOGLYCEMIA AS SPECIFIED BELOW.	Student is:       ✓ Unconscious         ✓ Having a seizure       ✓ Having difficulty swallowing         Follow Emergency Steps       1. Administer Glucagon         2. Call 9-1-1       3. Activate MERT (Medical Emergency Response Team)			
"Rule of 15"	Administer Glucagon			
<ul> <li>Treat with <u>15 grams of quick-acting glucose (4 oz. juice or 3-4 glucose tabs)</u></li> <li><u>OR</u></li> <li>Treat with <u>30 grams of quick-acting glucose (8 oz. juice or 6-8 glucose tabs)</u></li> <li>if glucose level is less than</li> <li>Wait 15 minutes. Recheck glucose level.</li> <li>Repeat quick-acting glucose treatment if glucose level is less than mg/dL.</li> <li>Contact the student's parents/guardians.</li> </ul> Then: <ul> <li>If an hour or more before next meal, give a snack of protein and complex carbohydrates</li> <li>If mealtime and no difficulty swallowing, monitor and allow student to eat lunch while waiting to recheck glucose level.</li> <li>Once glucose level is greater than and student has finished eating lunch, give insulin to cover meal carbs only.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Stay with student, protect from injury, turn on side</li> <li>Do not put anything into the student's mouth</li> <li>Suspend or remove insulin pump (if worn)</li> <li>Administer Glucagon Per MAA Form: <ul> <li>Injection, Glucagon/Glucagen/Gvoke PFS:</li> <li>0.5 mg</li> <li>1.0 mg</li> <li>Auto-Injection, Gvoke HypoPen:</li> <li>0.5mg/0.1ml</li> <li>1mg/0.2ml</li> </ul> </li> <li>Nasal, Baqsimi Glucagon Nasal Powder: <ul> <li>3mg</li> </ul> </li> <li>Implement Medical Emergency Response:</li> <li>Take AED and any emergency medical supplies to location;</li> <li>Inform Central Administration of emergency;</li> <li>Contact parents; Meet them in the parking lot;</li> <li>Meet the ambulance/direct traffic;</li> <li>Provide copy of student medical record to EMS;</li> <li>Control the scene;</li> <li>Document emergency and response on Emergency Response following the event.</li> </ul>			

## SECTION IV - Responding to High Glucose Levels (Hyperglycemia)

Below are common symptoms that may be observed when glucose levels are <u>high</u>. <u>Reminder:</u> These symptoms can change, and some students may not display any symptoms. Parents **may** choose to circle their child's most common symptoms.

Parents may choose to circle the Symptoms of a High Gluc	ose Level (Hyperglycemia)			
Increased thirst Increased urination Tiredness Increased appetite Decreased appetite Blurred Vision Headache Sweet, fruity breath Dry, itchy skin Achiness Stomach pain/nausea/vomiting Seizure Loss of consciousness/coma Continuous Glucose Monitor (CGM) alarm/arrows Other:				
Actions for Treating Hyperglycemia				
Treatment for Hyperglycemia	Treatment for Hyperglycemia Emergency			
Notify School Nurse or Designated School Personnel as soon as you observe symptoms.	Call 9-1-1 Activate Medical Emergency Response			
☐ For glucose level less than 300:	Call 9-1-1 if severe symptoms are present.			
✓ If not mealtime – do not give correction dose of	Severe symptoms may include:			
insulin, offer water, return to normal routine if feeling well	✔ Abdominal pain			
✓ If mealtime, give insulin as prescribed	✓ Nausea/Repetitive Vomiting			
(See Section I, Routine Management, Insulin Administration)	Change in level of consciousness			
☐ For glucose level 300 or greater:	✓ Lethargy			
<ul> <li>✓ If mealtime, give insulin as prescribed (See Section I, Routine Management, Insulin Administration)</li> <li>✓ Have student check ketones</li> <li>□ Positive Ketones:</li> <li>✓ Call parent/guardian <ul> <li>Trace or Small - attempt to flush, remain in school if feeling well and no vomiting</li> <li>Moderate or Large - parent pick-up immediately</li> </ul> </li> <li>✓ Give 8-16 oz. of water hourly</li> <li>✓ No exercise, physical education, or recess</li> <li>✓ Recheck ketones at next urination</li> <li>✓ If on pump, check infusion set/pump site: <ul> <li>Is tubing disconnected?</li> <li>Is there wetness around the pump site, etc.?</li> </ul> </li> <li>✓ Negative Ketones: <ul> <li>✓ If not mealtime - offer water, return to normal routine if feeling well</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Implement Medical Emergency Response:</li> <li>Take AED and any emergency medical supplies to location;</li> <li>Inform Central Administration of emergency;</li> <li>Contact parents; Meet them in the parking lot;</li> <li>Meet the ambulance/direct traffic;</li> <li>Provide copy of student medical record to EMS;</li> <li>Control the scene;</li> <li>Document emergency and response on Emergency Response/Incident Report form;</li> <li>Conduct debriefing session of incident and response following the event.</li> </ul>			
✓ Treat as Positive Ketones				
✓ Request strips from family				

## To be completed by Trainer of Student-specific School Health (SSH) Team in collaboration with all SSH Team members.

<u>SECTION IV – Additional Supports</u>
Snack daily at: Snack as needed for low glucose level 🗌 Allow unlimited access to food
Allow unlimited access to water or bathroom 🗌 Have 15 grams of quick-acting glucose available at site of physical activity
For special occasions that involve food: always contact parent for guidance <b>OR</b> student can self-manage
☐ Out of classroom, student will travel with: ☐ buddy ☐ adult
always <b>OR</b> when support is requested or is obviously needed
Fieldtrips - Student will be accompanied by trained school personnel, unless parent volunteers to attend (parent attendance not required)
Extra-curricular Activities – Parent and student will inform DSP of participation to ensure trained school personnel are present
Plan for access to food and appropriate support during School Emergencies developed/implemented
Staff/student plan to completely silence alarms when hiding for safety developed/implemented, and includes practice during drills
C Record all care provided/send documentation home: Weekly When requested by parent Other:
Evaluate for eligibility for a Section 504 Academic Accommodations Plan
Location of Glucagon (Glucagon/Gvoke/Baqsimi): 🗌 In Office 🗌 In Classroom 🗌 With Student 🗌 Other:
Location of Other Diabetes Supplies (see attached list):
School Name: Principal:
School Address:
SSH Team consists of:

### Parent, Student, Designated School Personnel

AND

RN, Physician, PA, or Certified Diabetes Care and Education Specialist (CDCES)

The following Designated School Personnel have received training to support implementation of this plan:

Name	Title	
Name	Title	
Training provided by:		

Signature/Title